# CS 325 - Homework 8

### Deadline

11:59 pm on Friday, November 5, 2021.

## Purpose

To continue reading and thinking about converting ER models into database designs, to get some practice converting an ER model into a database designs, and to get more practice writing SQL statements, including those making use of set-theoretic operators, an update statement, and a delete statement.

## How to submit

Problem 1 is completed on the course Canvas site.

For Problem 2 onward:

Each time you wish to submit, within the directory 325hw8 on nrs-projects.humboldt.edu (and at the nrs-projects UNIX prompt, **NOT inside** sqlplus!) type:

```
~st10/325submit
```

...to submit your current files, using a homework number of 8.

(Make sure that the files you intend to submit are listed as having been submitted!)

# Additional notes:

- Reminder: CS 325 course style for relation-structure form includes:
  - Write all attributes making up a relation's primary key in all-uppercase
  - For foreign keys, list their attributes as usual in the parentheses, but then also write a SQL-style foreign key clause after the closing parenthesis.
  - For example:

```
Rental(RENTAL_NUM, client_num, vid_id, date_out, date_due, date_returned)
foreign key (client_num) references client,
foreign key(vid_id) references video
```

- You are required to use the HSU Oracle student database for Problem 3 of this homework.
- **DB Reading Packet 7** and **SQL Reading Packet 6**, on the course Canvas site, and the Week 10 Asynchronous Materials, along with the posted in-class projections from the public course web site, are useful references for this homework.
- Now that we have covered the order by clause, you are expected to use it appropriately when an *explicit* row ordering is specified. Queries for problems asking for *explicit* row ordering will be incorrect if they do not include a reasonable order by clause.
- Feel free to add additional prompt commands to your SQL scripts as desired to enhance the

readability of the resulting output.

- An example 325hw8-out.txt has been posted along with this homework handout, to help you see if you are on the right track with your queries for Problem 3. If your 325hw8-out.txt matches this posted one, that doesn't guarantee that you wrote appropriate queries, but it is an encouraging sign.
- You are expected to follow course style standards for SQL select statements.
  - On the CS 325 public course web site, under "References", there are now some evolving lists of course style standards posted. There is also a link to these on the course Canvas home page.

# Problem 1

Correctly complete the "HW 8 - Problem 1 - Reading Questions for DB Reading Packet 8 - Database Design, Part 2", on the course Canvas site.

## Setup for Problems 2 onward

Use ssh to connect to nrs-projects.humboldt.edu, and create, protect, and go to a directory named 325hw8 on nrs-projects:

mkdir 325hw8 chmod 700 325hw8 cd 325hw8

Put all of your files for this homework in this directory. (And it is from this directory that you should type  $\sim st10/325$  submit to submit your files each time you want to submit the work you have done so far.)

# Problem 2

Place your answer for this problem into file 325hw8-db-design.txt

For this problem, you will be converting a database model into a (partial) database design/schema. (Why partial? Because, for this assignment, we are not including domains or business rules, which are part of a database design/schema, also.)

Consider the following ER model. Convert it into an appropriate corresponding (partial) design/schema, using the conversion rules discussed in lecture. Your resulting database design/schema needs to meet the following requirements:

- \* for this problem, you will list your resulting tables in relation structure form, indicating foreign keys by writing SQL foreign key clauses after the relation structure.
- \* make sure, for each table, that you clearly indicate primary key attributes by writing them in alluppercase (and by writing non-primary-key attributes NOT in all-uppercase).
- \* do not make ANY inferences/assumptions NOT supported by the given models or stated along with them. (Assume that the models DO reflect the scenarios faithfully.)

#### (the model starts on the next page)

#### Problem 2's model:



Submit your file 325hw8-db-design.txt.

## **Problem 3**

This problem again uses the tables created by the SQL script movies-create.sql and populated by movies-pop.sql. As a reminder, these tables can be described in relation structure form as:

```
Movie_category(CATEGORY_CODE, category_name)
Client(CLIENT_NUM, client_lname, client_fname, client_phone,
    client_credit_rtg,
        client_fave_cat)
    foreign key (client_fave_cat) references movie_category(category_code)
Movie(MOVIE_NUM, movie_title, movie_director_lname, movie_yr_released,
        movie_rating, category_code)
    foreign key(category_code) references movie_category
Video(VID_ID, vid_format, vid_purchase_date, vid_rental_price, movie_num)
    foreign key (movie_num) references movie
Rental(RENTAL_NUM, client_num, vid_id, date_out, date_due, date_returned)
    foreign key (vid id) references video
```

And, again, for your convenience as a reference, a handout of these relation structures is posted along with this homework handout.

(These tables should still exist in your database from Homework 4, so you should not need to re-run movies-create.sql unless you have been experimenting with insertions or other table

#### modifications.)

Use nano (or vi or emacs) to create a file named 325hw8.sql:

nano 325hw8.sql

While within nano (or whatever), type in the following within one or more SQL comments:

- your name
- CS 325 Homework 8 Problem 3
- the date this file was last modified

## NOTE!!! READ THIS!!!

Now, within your file 325hw8.sql, add in SQL statements for the following, **PRECEDING** EACH **\*EXCEPT\* FOR PROBLEM 3-1** with a SQL\*Plus prompt command noting what problem part it is for.

#### Problem 3-1

(This ONE problem does NOT need to be preceded by a prompt command, for reasons that will hopefully become clear...!)

Because this script experiments with update and delete statements, this script should start with a "fresh" set of table *contents* each time it runs.

- Make a copy of movies-pop.sql in your 325hw8 directory.
  - Note that one of several ways to get this is to copy it from my home directory on nrs-projects. For example, assuming that you are currently in your 325hw8 directory,

```
cp ~st10/movies-pop.sql .
```

...should accomplish this. (REMEMBER the space and the . at the end!)

- \*BEFORE\* the spool command in 325hw8.sql, place a call executing movies-pop.sql. (That is, place the command you would type within sqlplus to run movies-pop.sql within your script 325hw8.sql BEFORE it starts spooling to 325hw8-out.txt)
  - (why? because I really don't need to see all of the row-inserted feedbacks in your results file... 8-))
  - IF YOU'D LIKE TO TRY SOMETHING NEAT: Sky McKinley showed me a very useful SQL\*Plus command I had not seen before:

```
set termout off
@ movies-pop
set termout on
```

This turns terminal output off, then you run the commands you don't really want to see all the output from (here resetting up tables in a script you KNOW is fine), then you turn terminal input on again.

- SO if you'd also like to use this pair of statements around the execution of movies-pop.sql, feel free!
- use spool to NOW start writing the results for the REST of this script's actions into a file 325hw8-out.txt

- put in a prompt command printing Homework 8 Problem 3
- put in a prompt command printing your name
- include a spool off command, at the BOTTOM/END of this file. Type your answers to the REST of the problems below BEFORE this spool off command!

#### Problem 3-2

Using intersect appropriately, project the movie titles of movies that have rating G intersected with the movie titles of movies that are available on videos with the format DVD. (To receive credit for this problem, you must appropriately use the intersect operator.)

#### Problem 3-3

Using minus appropriately, project the movie titles of all movies **minus** the movie titles that have been rented at least once, ordering the resulting rows in reverse alphabetical order by movie title. (To receive credit for this problem, you must appropriately use the minus operator.)

Note 1: Do you see that this is one of several ways to determine the titles of movies that have never been rented?

Note 2: There are several reasonable ways to write the second sub-query (the second operand of minus) for this problem. Pick your favorite!

#### Problem 3-4

Using union appropriately, project the video ids and vid\_rental\_prices of videos that have format HD-DVD (not regular DVD!) union'ed with the video ids and vid\_rental\_prices of videos that have never been rented, ordering the resulting rows in reverse order of vid\_rental\_price. (To receive credit for this problem, you must appropriately use the union operator.)

## Problem 3-5

Write a query that shows, for all videos, how many times each has been rented. However, note the following important characteristics required of your result:

- it should project just two columns: the video id, and the number of times that video has been rented
- it needs to include rows for videos never rented, with a count of 0 for the number-of-times-rented (hint: union can be useful for this!)
- order the rows in reverse order of number of times rented, and for videos rented the same number of times, order them in order of video id

## Problem 3-6

Write a query projecting the client last names and credit ratings for all clients in order of credit rating.

Then, write an update command to increase the credit rating by 10% for those clients whose credit rating is both less than 4.0 and greater than the average client credit rating.

Finally, repeat the query projecting the client last names and credit ratings for all clients in order of credit

rating.

#### Problem 3-7

First, write a query that will simply project how many rows are currently in the video table.

Then, write a single delete command that will delete all rows from the video table for videos that have never been rented.

Then, follow that with a query showing all of the contents of the video table, displaying the rows in order of vid\_id.

Fibally, now do a SQL rollback; command (to undo the database contents changes from Problems 3-6 and 3.7, so they do not possibly lead to confusion on Homework 9...!)

Submit your files 325hw8.sql and 325hw8-out.txt.