CS 111 - Homework 12

Deadline

11:59 pm on **Friday, December 12, 2025**

Purpose

To practice with functions whose arguments include an array argument and its size, **`for`** statements and C++ shortcut operators, and file output and file input.

How to submit

You complete **Problems 1-4** on the course Canvas site (short-answer questions on various C++-related topics), so that you can see if you are on the right track.

Then, you will submit your work for **Problems 5** onward, in your files **`111hw12.cpp`**, **`111hw12-out.txt`**, and **`111hw12-prob9.cpp`**, on the course Canvas site.

(So, NOTE that, THIS time, you again will be creating **TWO `.cpp`** files to turn in, for the remaining problems!)

Turn in versions of your files **early** and **often**!

- Each time you submit a version of your **`111hw12.cpp`**, IF that version currently compiles, also submit a copy of the example output from running that latest version in file **`111hw12-out.txt`**.
  - Be careful that each submitted **`111hw12-out.txt`** was created by running the compiled version of the **`111hw12.cpp`** file submitted along with it.
- Likewise, IF that version currently successfully creates the files **`prob7-1.txt`** and **`prob7-2.txt`**, submit copies of those as well.
  - And, be careful that each submitted **`prob7-1.txt`** and **`prob7-2.txt`**,were created by running the compiled version of the **`111hw12.cpp`** file submitted along with it.
- (You are **NOT** submitting a `111hw12-prob9-out.txt` file, for the same reason you were not asked to submit a file `lab12-out.txt` for the Week 12 Lab Exercise!).

Important notes

- **NOTE:** if you are just adding statements **to a `main` function**, the usual design recipe steps are **NOT** required. (They are, of course, required for all **(non-`main`) functions** that you design/define.)
- IF you would like: FEEL FREE to include additional **`cout`**s of **`endl`** or spacing or headings between testing calls of different problems if you would like to have more-readable program output!
- Remember that, **for each function WITH side-effects**:
  - You ALSO need to **DESCRIBE those side-effects** in its **purpose** statement, in a "has the side-effects of..." clause, **along with** describing what it "expects..." and what it "returns ...".
  - You ALSO need to **DESCRIBE the expected side-effects** that should be seen as a result of each of its function tests, BOTH along with its **`bool`** test expressions in the comment after its purpose statement **AND** when running those tests in its testing **`main`** function.
  - (See how the tests for function **`cheer`** are written in the Week 13 Lecture 1 posted examples, and how the tests for function **`vertical`** are written in the Week 13 Lecture 2 posted examples.)

- Be careful to follow class style standards, including required class indentation.
  - When in doubt, ASK, and/or follow the style you see in the posted class examples.
- You are still expected to follow the Design Recipe for all (non-`main`) **functions** that you design/define.
  - Remember the C++ "graphic design recipe helper" posted on the course Canvas site and on the public course web site, "translating" the design recipe steps into C++ syntax.
  - Remember, you will receive **significant** credit for the signature, purpose, header, and tests/test expressions portions of your functions.
  - Typically you'll get at least half-credit for a correct signature, purpose, header, and tests/test expressions, even if your function body is not correct.
  - (and, you'll **lose at least half-credit** if you omit these or do them poorly, even if your function body is correct).
- Be especially careful to include at least two tests/test expressions for every function, including at least one specific test/test expression for each "kind"/category of data, and (when there *are* boundaries) for boundaries between data. You can lose credit for not doing so.

  And, remember that tests for non-`void` functions should be:
  - written as `bool` expressions within a non-`main` function's opening comment, after its purpose statement, **AND**
  - written within parentheses `( )` within a `cout` in the testing `main` function.
- Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns about the above requirements.

Problem 1 - 7 points

Problem 1 is correctly answering the "HW 12 - Problem 1 - Short-answer questions on array basics" on the course Canvas site.

Problem 2 - 9 points

Problem 2 is correctly answering the "HW 12 - Problem 2 - Short-answer questions on array parameters" on the course Canvas site.

Problem 3 - 9 points

Problem 3 is correctly answering the "HW 12 - Problem 3 - Short-answer questions on **`for`** loops and C++ shortcut operators" on the course Canvas site.

Problem 4 - 10 points

Problem 4 is correctly answering the "HW 12 - Problem 4 - Short-answer questions on file input/output" on the course Canvas site.

Homework Program Setup for Problems 5 onward

For **EACH** of the **TWO** programs involved in this homework:

- **Copy** the contents of the **`111template.cpp`**, posted on the course Canvas site and on the public course web site, into a file within the CS50 IDE (at https:/cs50.dev/) named as specified in Problem 5 and Problem 9.

- See the comment that has `by:` and `last modified:` ?
  - START that comment with: `CS 111 - HW 12`
  - Then put your name after `by:` , and today's date after `last modified:` .
  - For example:

```
/*---
    CS 111 - HW 12
    by: Your Name
    last modified: 2025-12-08
---*/
```

Problem 5 - function `count_names`

Problems 5 through 8 will all be in a single file named **`111hw12.cpp`**.

This problem's purpose is to provide practice with a function whose parameters include an array and its size along with another parameter, and does not happen to have side-effects.

In the "first `main.cpp` template" you pasted into your **`111hw12.cpp`**, find the comment:

```
/*--- PUT YOUR SIGNATURES, PURPOSES, TESTS, and FUNCTION DEFINITIONS HERE ---*/
```

AFTER this comment -- but **BEFORE** the function header for the function named `main` -- type a blank link, and then type the comment:

```
/*===
    Problem 5
===*/
```

(You can now delete the `"...PUT YOUR SIGNATURES,..."` comment if you wish, or leave it -- your choice!)

Using the design recipe, design a function **`count_names`** that expects a name of interest, an array of names, and how many names are in that array, and returns how many times the given name of interest appears in the given array.

- Since **`count_names`** has an array argument, you'll also need to include declarations for the array arguments in your tests, as we did for Week 14's in-class example function **`sum_array`**.

  That is, for EACH of its tests after the function's purpose statement:
  - give the declaration for an example argument array, and then a **`bool`** expression including an example call compared to what it should return
- For full credit, **`count_names`** must also:
  - appropriately use a "classic" **`for`** statement
- Include at least three tests for **`count_names:`**
  - one in which the given name of interest does **NOT** happen to appear in the given array of names
  - one in which the given name of interest appears **exactly ONCE** in the given array of names
  - one in which the given name of interest appears **MORE than once** in the given array of names

Problem 6 - function `bar_chart`

The purpose of this problem is to write yet-another function whose parameters include an array and its size, but this time it happens to have side-effects.

After your function for Problem 5, type a blank link, and then type the comment:

```
/*===
    Problem 6
===*/
```

You are again going to make use of Week 13 Lab Exercise function **`starline`** in another problem's function.

Problem 6 - Step 1

Copy the opening comment with the signature, purpose, **`bool`** test expressions and side-effect descriptions, and the function definition for Week 13 Lab Exercise's function **`starline`**.

- Note: if you did not do the Week 13 Lab Exercise or you are not confident in your version of **`starline`**, you can e-mail me and ask for a version of **`starline`**.

Now that **`starline`** is in your **`111hw12.cpp`** file, it can be used by another function that follows it in this file.

Problem 6 - Onward!

Recall that **`starline`** expects the number of asterisks/stars to output, and it returns that number, but also has the side-effect of printing that many asterisks on one line to the screen (if <=0, no stars are output).

You could use this to create a kind of horizontal bar chart, calling **`starline`** for each of a set of values. And what is an array but a set of values?

Using the design recipe, design a C++ function **`bar_chart`** that expects an array of integers and its size, has the side-effect of printing to the screen a horizontal bar chart with the help of **`starline`**, printing a line of *'s the length of each array value, and returns the total number of asterisks printed in the entire chart.

- For full credit, **`bar_chart`** must also:
  - appropriately call and use **`starline`**
  - appropriately use a **`for`** statement

For example, for:

```
int measures[7] = {3, 1, 6, 2, 8, 4, 5};

bar_chart(measures, 7) == 29
```

...and has the side-effect of causing the following to be printed to the screen:

```
***
*
******
**
********
****
*****
```

- Since **`bar_chart`** has side-effects, its **purpose statement** needs to include a **"and has the side-effects of..."** clause, and your **tests** for **`bar_chart`** after its purpose statement should INCLUDE a description of those side effects as well as including a `bool` expression that should be `true` for each testing call.

  That is, for EACH of its tests after the function's purpose statement:
  - give the `bool` expression that should be true, as well as what should be printed to the screen for that

example call

And the running versions of those tests in your `main` function should print out a DESCRIPTION of what side-effects should be seen, along with the hoped-for `true` result from comparing the actually-returned value to the expected returned value.

That is, for EACH of its tests to be run in **`main`**:

- it should first print a message saying that what follows should be a bar chart with rows containing <num>, <num> ... and <num> stars, followed by `true`,
- and *then* put that example/test in its own separate **`cout`** statement, such that the result of that test will be printed on its own line.

- Since **`bar_chart`** has an array argument, you'll also need to include declarations for the array arguments in your tests, as we did for Week 14's in-class function **`sum_array`**.

  So, for EACH of its tests after the function's purpose statement:

  - give the declaration for an example argument array, an example call, and what should be printed to the screen for that example call.

  And you will need to declare these example argument arrays within your testing **`main`**, before **`bar_chart`**'s tests.

Problem 7 - function `array_to_file`

The purpose of this problem is to write another function whose parameters include an array and its size, and which also happens to involve writing to a file.

(And, its writing to a file happens from a **`non-main`** function -- just to make it clear that file i/o does not happen ONLY from `main` functions!)

In your file **`111hw12.cpp`**:

- Near the top of your file **`111hw12.cpp`**, add a **`#include`** for the **`fstream`** standard library, so you can use it here:

```
#include <cstdlib>
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
```

- Then, **after** your function for Problem 6, type a blank link, and then type the comment:

```
/*===
    Problem 7
===*/
```

- Using the design recipe, design a function **`array_to_file`** that:
  - expects an array of strings, its size, and the *name* of a file,
  - has the side-effect of writing the contents of that given array to a file with that given file name, one array value per line,
  - and **returns** the number of lines written to that file.
- For full credit, **`array_to_file`** must also:

  - appropriately use a "classic" **`for`** statement

- In the part of your `main` that is testing **`array_to_file`**, you should:
  - call **`array_to_file`** at least **TWICE**,
  - one time writing an array to the file **`prob7-1.txt`**, and
  - one time writing a **different-sized array** to the file **`prob7-2.txt`**, and
  - each time including **`cout`** statements DESCRIBING what *should* be written to each of the files as its side-effect, followed by putting the example/test call in its own separate **`cout`** statement, such that the result of that test will be printed on its own line.

Problem 8 - function `vertical_file`

The purpose of this problem is to practice reading everything from a file and doing something with it, making use of a **`while`** loop **not** *controlled* by a counter variable.

(And, its reading from a file happens from a **`non-main`** function -- again, just to make it clear that file i/o does not happen ONLY from `main` functions!)

Problem 8 - fun fact: how to read every line from a file using a `while` loop

If you have:

- **declared** and **opened** an input file stream, for example **`my_fin`**,
- and you want to read every *line* from the file that stream is opened on into a `string` variable, for example **`next_line`**,
- you can do so -- using a sufficiently-new C++ compiler -- using:

```
while (getline(my_fin, next_line))
{
      desired actions for each line probably using just-read next_line;
      ...
}

my_fin.close();
```

  - (this works because, for a sufficiently-new C++ compiler, function **`getline`** returns **`true`** if reading a line succeeds, and returns **`false`** if reading a line fails -- so this loop repeats until all the lines of a file have been read.)

After your function for Problem 7, type a blank link, and then type the comment:

```
/*===
    Problem 8
===*/
```

Remember function **`vertical`**, from Week 13 Lecture 2?

Problem 8 - Step 1

Copy the opening comment with the signature, purpose, **`bool`** test expressions and side-effect descriptions, and the function definition for Week 13 Lecture 2's function **`vertical`**.

Now that **`vertical`** is in your **`111hw12.cpp`** file, it can be used by another function that follows it in this file.

Problem 8 - Onward!

Then, using the design recipe, write a function **`vertical_file`** that expects the name of a file, has the side-effects of reading each line in that file, calling function **`vertical`** for the line read, and then printing a newline character to the screen, and returns the number of lines read from that file.

(Hint:

- Even though we don't need a count variable to *control* this loop, we *can* still have a count variable to *count* how many times we end up calling **`vertical`**.)

For example, if you had a little file `lookity.txt` that contains:

```
oh
to demo
whee!
```

then:

```
vertical_file("lookity.txt") == 3
```

and has the side effect of printing to the screen

```
o
h

t
o

d
e
m
o

w
h
e
e
!
```

- Do you see that Problem 7's output files **`prob7-1.txt`** and **`prob7-2.txt`** would work just fine as inputs to this function? AND they should be here in the right folder, able to be reasonably called.
- Your tests for **`vertical_file`** can call **`vertical_file`** on these two files **`prob7-1.txt`** and **`prob7-2.txt`**, then -- and, for each call, the **`main`** function should include **`cout`** statements **DESCRIBING** what *should* be printed to the screen as its side-effect.

Problem 9 - CS 111 C++ Portfolio Program

Again: we have mentioned in class that not all **`main`** functions are used just for testing other functions. Sometimes they simply "control" a desired program.

You wrote such programs for Homework 10 - Problem 8, and for Homework 11 - Problem 6.

Now, you will write such a program as an opportunity for reflection, to showcase some of your work in CS 111 this semester, and to get a little more practice with interactive input.

Again, this will be less awkward if it is done in a separate C++ program (with its own **`main`** function).

Copy the contents of the **`111template.cpp`**, posted on the course Canvas site and on the public course web site, into a file within the CS50 IDE (at https:/cs50.dev/) named **`111hw12-prob9.cpp`**.

- CHOOSE **at least THREE** of your **C++ functions** from C++ Homeworks 8-12.
  - It is fine if you wish to include more.
  - It is also fine to add *additional* functions of your own that you wrote outside of homeworks, as long as you ***also*** include at least 3 from Homeworks 8-12.
- FOR **EACH** of your chosen C++ functions (and for each function those functions depend on):
  - Copy the opening comment with the signature, purpose, **`bool`** test expressions and (if applicable) side-effect descriptions, and the function definition for that function.
  - Now that these functions are defined in your **`111hw12-prob9.cpp`** file, they can be used by another function that follows it in this file.
- In this program's **`main`** function, include the following:
  - **Print to the screen** a tasteful message saying that this is your CS 111 - C++ Portfolio. (You get to choose the exact wording of this.)
  - For **EACH of your chosen functions**, **print to the screen** messages including:
    * the **NAME** of the chosen function
    * **EITHER**: a **C++ feature** you used in that function **AND/OR** something you **LEARNED** while designing, writing, debugging that function

    Then:
    * Declare appropriate local variables to hold the user's answers
    * ASK the user to type in appropriate argument(s) for that chosen function
    * READ it/them in, and
    * CALL your chosen functions with those arguments in an appropriate statement such that its results (return value or side-effects, depending on the function) are printed to the screen.

Optional Variations:

- You can ask if they'd like to run one or more of your chosen function's more than once.
- You can involve some file input or file output.

Remember to submit your files-in-progress **`111hw12.cpp`**, **`111hw12-out.txt`**, **`prob7-1.txt`**, **`prob7-2.txt`**, and **`111hw12-prob9.cpp`** early and often!