

## CS 328 - Homework 3

### Deadline

11:59 pm on Sunday, February 11, 2024

### Purpose

To practice more with writing and (at-least-partially) validating more strict-style HTML, including more practice with `table` and `form` elements, and to write some SQL statements both for review and to help get more familiar with the bookstore tables before using them with PL/SQL on future course assignments.

### How to submit

Each time you wish to submit, submit your files using `~st10/328submit` on nrs-projects, with a homework number of 3.

**Important note:** It is quite likely that your SQL files will be in a different directory than your HTML files. That's fine, and preferable!

- Just remember that you need to run `~st10/328submit` from **EACH** directory with files to be submitted for Homework 3.

### Homework 3 Requirements/Set-up

- For this homework's problems, do **not** include any CSS **except** for:
  - the external CSS `normalize.css` included in `html-template.html`
  - (optionally) Week 3 Lab Exercise's minimal external CSS mostly for `table` formatting, `lab3-table.css`
    - To use this, place this element at the **END** of your `head` element, right before the `head` element's closing tag, right **AFTER** the `link` element for `normalize.css`:

```
<link href="https://nrs-projects.humboldt.edu/~st10/styles/lab3-table.css"
      type="text/css" rel="stylesheet" />
```
- For an `img` element, note that it needs to validate as strict-style HTML. If its URL does not do so, make a copy of the image in your nrs-projects account (if you can legally do so) or use a service such as `tinyurl` to avoid problematic characters.
- Make a sub-directory in your `public_html` directory for Homework 3's HTML documents. And, in this case, **you** choose the name for this sub-directory.

```
cd ~/public_html          # make sure you are in your public_html
mkdir name-you-choose    # make a directory within public_html
chmod 711 name-you-choose # make it world-executable
cd name-you-choose       # go to that new subdirectory
```

Remember that a world-readable file *my-doc.html* in the `public_html` subdirectory *name-you-choose* would have the URL:

`https://nrs-projects.humboldt.edu/~your_user_name/name-you-choose/my-doc.html`

- (Note: it is also perfectly fine if you choose to put your Homework 3 files in a "deeper" subdirectory within `public_html`.)

## Problem 1

As you read the zyBooks Chapter 2 - "More HTML", you will see that there are numerous form widgets implemented using the HTML `input` element besides submit buttons and classic textfields!

Read about and consider these -- there are at least **14** more of them, in addition to `type="submit"` and `type="text"` -- demonstrated and/or described in that chapter!

Select **five** of these other `input` element types -- whose **type** attribute is **not** `"submit"` or `"text"` -- that you consider to be particularly useful or your favorite, noting that you will be **listing** them in a `table` element for this problem, and **demonstrating** them in a `form` element for the next problem!

Starting from the `html-template.html` posted on the course public site and along with this homework handout, create a strict-style HTML document that meets the class style standards as well as the following requirements:

- Include **prob1** somewhere in its file name, and give its file name the suffix `.html`.
- Fill in the opening comment block as specified, putting in your **name**, the last modified **date**, and the **URL** that can be used to run your document.
  - (You *will* lose some credit if this URL does not work when I or the grader paste it into a browser!)
- Give the **title** element appropriate descriptive content.
- Include an appropriate **h1** element indicating that what follows are your choices for 5 other particularly-useful or 5 other favorite form widgets implemented using an `input` element (besides the classic submit button and textfield).
  - (This can be as simple as "5 other useful `input` widgets" or "My five favorite other `input` types", etc.)
- Include a **table** element with six rows and two columns that meets the CS 328 class style standards, that also meets the following requirements:
  - It should include an appropriate **caption** element.
  - The first row should contain column headers **Type** and **Use for**, implemented using the appropriate element with the appropriate attribute included for better accessibility.
  - The remaining five rows should each contain the value of a `type` attribute described and/or demonstrated in zyBooks Chapter 2, and then a short description of what that type of input should be used for.
    - (For example, if you were allowed to include a row for a submit button, its type would be

submit, and its use could be for "submitting a form's data".)

- Include **your last name** within a **p** element that you add to the **footer** element.

Make sure an `.xhtml` copy of your document validates as strict-style HTML, and submit your resulting `.html` document.

## Problem 2

Consider the five other types of the `input` element that you included in **Problem 1's table** element.

Starting from the `html-template.html` posted on the course public site and along with this homework handout, create a strict-style HTML document that meets the class style standards as well as the following requirements:

- Include **prob2** somewhere in its file name, and give its file name the suffix `.html`.
- Fill in the opening comment block as specified, putting in your **name**, the last modified **date**, and the **URL** that can be used to run your document.
  - (You *will* lose some credit if this URL does not work when I or the grader paste it into a browser!)
- Give the **title** element appropriate descriptive content.
- Include an appropriate **h1** element noting that this is a form demonstrating several of the available types of `input` elements.
- Include a **form** element that meets the CS 328 class style standards, that also meets the following requirements:
  - It should have an **action** attribute whose value is a "real" URL of your choice (because we haven't gotten to writing an actual application program to handle this form yet).
  - It should have a **method** attribute whose value is `"get"`.
  - It should contain at least one **fieldset** element that contains an appropriate **legend** element of your choice, and within this/these should be:
    - at least one instance of each of the five of the **input** elements you included in **Problem 1's table** element
      - (Depending on your choices, you might find it makes sense to include more than one instance of some of these five. That's fine!)
    - appropriate logically-related **label** elements for each of those **input** elements
    - an **input** element with **type="submit"** (which does *not* need a logically-related **label** element)
- Include **your last name** within a **p** element that you add to the **footer** element.

Reminder: for this homework, you may not use any CSS to style this form, and we'll never use the `table` element to format a form element, either. However, it appears that you can use `fieldset` elements, `p` elements, and instances of the void element `br` and still have it successfully validate as strict-style HTML.

Try filling out and submitting your form, guessing what name=value pairs should appear at the end of your `action` attribute's URL when you submit it, and see if they do.

Make sure an `.xhtml` copy of your document validates as strict-style HTML, and submit your resulting `.html` document.

## Problem 3

Consider the the small bookstore database created and initially-populated by `create-bks.sql` and `pop-bks.sql`, which you described in relation-structure form in `describe-bks.txt` as part of Homework 1, and which you decided on a theme for and described in Homework 2's `about-bks.html`.

In this problem, you are going to create a first version of a login form for eventual applications built atop your version of the bookstore database.

Starting from the `html-template.html` posted on the course public site and along with this homework handout, create a strict-style HTML document `bks-start.html` that meets the class style standards as well as the following requirements:

- Fill in the opening comment block as specified, putting in your **name**, the last modified **date**, and the **URL** that can be used to run your document.
  - (You *will* lose some credit if this URL does not work when I or the grader paste it into a browser!)
- Give the **title** element appropriate descriptive content.
- Include an appropriate **h1** element that includes the **name** for your bookstore from your `about-bks.html` and that this is a login page for that bookstore.
- Include an appropriate block-level element that includes an **a** element that references your `about-bks.html` from Homework 2. (I think there are several reasonable choices for the containing block-level element!)
  - It is **your choice** whether you reference Homework 2's copy of `about-bks.html`, or create a copy of `about-bks.html` in your Homework 3 directory and reference that copy.
- Include an appropriate block-level element that includes an **img** element that "fits" the theme of your bookstore.
  - If its URL does not validate as strict-style HTML, make a copy of the image in your `nrs-projects` account (if you can legally do so) or use a service such as `tinyurl` to avoid problematic characters.
- Include a **form** element that meets the CS 328 class style standards, that allows a qualified user to enter and then submit their Oracle username and password, and that also meets the following requirements:
  - It should have an **action** attribute whose value is a "real" URL of your choice (because we haven't gotten to writing an actual application program to handle this form yet).
  - On a *future* homework, we'll replace this with a URL that will actually attempt to process this form.

- It should have a **method** attribute whose value is "**post**" (although while you are debugging you can use "get", as long as you replace it with "post" for the version that you submit).
- It should contain at least one **fieldset** element that contains an appropriate **legend** element of your choice, and within this/these should be:
  - an **input** element appropriate for entering one's Humboldt username
  - an **input** element of **type="password"** for entering their password
    - BUT REMEMBER!!!! that if, while debugging, your form uses `method="get"`, the password typed in WILL be displayed at the end of the action attribute's URL in plain text...! SO don't use a REAL password when trying this out!
  - appropriate logically-related **label** elements for each of the above two **input** elements
  - an **input** element with **type="submit"** (which does *not* need a logically-related label element)
- Include **your last name** within a **p** element that you add to the **footer** element.

Reminder: for this homework, you may not use any CSS to style this form, and we'll never use the `table` element to format a form element, either. However, it appears that you can use `fieldset` elements, `p` elements, and instances of the void element `br` and still have it successfully validate as strict-style HTML.

Make sure an `.xhtml` copy of your document validates as strict-style HTML, and submit your resulting **bks-start.html** document.

## Problem 4

You are going to create a SQL script named **new-titles.sql** for this problem. Give this file permissions of **600** by typing this at the `nrs-projects` prompt:

```
chmod 600 new-titles.sql
```

As you hopefully noticed in making the relation-structure version of its tables in your Homework 1 file `design-bks.txt`, the `title` relation represents the bookstore's inventory, essentially -- each of its elements represents how many copies are available to be sold of a particular book title. This `title` relation is related to the `publisher` relation, representing a publisher of books.

This `title` relation also happens to include the cost to the bookstore of that particular book title, the price the bookstore sells it for, at what quantity they'd like to consider re-ordering more copies, and the default number they re-order at that point.

So - to review writing SQL `insert` statements, since they may be included within PL/SQL subroutines later this semester, consider the theme for your bookstore, as you described in your Homework 2 file `about-bks.html`.

Then, write a small SQL script **new-titles.sql** that meets these requirements:

- Start it with comment(s) `CS 328 - HW 3 - Problem 4`, your name, and the last-modified date.
- Start spooling to a file **new-titles-out.txt** (and make sure you `spool off` at the script's

end!)

- Write a `prompt` command including your name.
- Include SQL `insert` statements to insert at **least two new rows** into the `title` table for two book titles, *real or imaginary, your choice*, that fit in with the theme of your bookstore.
  - You get to make up reasonable-to-you values for the attributes of these new `title` rows.
  - However, give all of their attributes values (that is, for full credit, they must all be non-null).
- You decide on the publisher for each of these new titles, and make sure you use that publisher's `pub_id` for that title's `pub_id` foreign key.
  - It is fine to insert more publisher rows if you would like, but also fine to use one of the existing publishers for each of your new titles.
  - (If you decide to add any publisher rows, be sure to put their `insert` statements **BEFORE** the `insert` statements for titles published by those publishers!)
- After your `insert` statements, write a SQL `commit;` statement to commit your changes.
- Remember to `spool off` at the end of your script.

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** if you need to debug your script -- or even just re-run it -- be sure to **re-run `pop-bks.sql` before** doing so, otherwise you might get errors due to trying to insert your new rows more than once! Remember that you can make a copy of this script in the same directory as your `new-titles.sql` script by using the command:

```
cp ~st10/pop-bks.sql .      # note that space and period at the end!
```

Make sure you turned spooling off in `new-titles.sql`, and submit your resulting **`new-titles.sql`** and **`new-titles-out.txt`**.

## Problem 5

You are going to create a SQL script named **`prob5.sql`** for this problem. Give this file permissions of **600** by typing this at the `nrs-projects` prompt:

```
chmod 600 prob5.sql
```

To continue getting more familiar with the bookstore tables, as a little more SQL warm-up and review before we start out coverage of PL/SQL, and for possible use in future PL/SQL subroutines, write a script **`prob5.sql`** that meets the following specifications:

- Start it with comment(s) `CS 328 - HW 3 - Problem 5`, your name, and the last-modified date.
- Start spooling to a file **`prob5-out.txt`** (and make sure you `spool off` at the script's end!)
- Write a `prompt` command including your name.
- For each of the following parts, write a `prompt` command giving the problem part being answered, then your answer for that part.

**Problem 5 - part a**

For future-cheezy-PL/SQL-function use...

How could you find out the current largest value of table `order_needed`'s primary key?

Write a SQL query that projects the current largest value of table `order_needed`'s primary key attribute.

**Problem 5 - part b**

How might you write a SQL query whose result would let you know if there is a book title in the `title` table with a particular ISBN, in such a way that it WON'T cause an error if there is *no* such title?

Several ways are possible, but here is just one of those: you could write a query that projects the number of rows that have that ISBN. (If no such row exists, this projects 0, and does not result in an error message.)

So, write TWO example versions of this query:

- Write a SQL query that projects the number of rows in the `title` table with ISBN of '9780131103627'.
- Write a SQL query that projects the number of rows in the `title` table with ISBN of '555555555555' (which is a non-existent ISBN!).

**Problem 5 - part c**

Consider: when selling a copy of one of the titles sold by your bookstore, you might want to know that title's current quantity on hand (so you can decrease it after this sale), its order point (so you can determine if you want to order more after this sale), and its auto order quantity (so you will know how many you usually order if it is time to reorder it).

Write a SQL query that projects these three attributes for a title whose ISBN is '9780131103627'.

**Problem 5 - part d**

ISBNs are lovely for unique identifiers, but not great for human readability!

Write a SQL query that projects a single column for each title in the `title` database: its ISBN concatenated to a space, a dash, and a space, concatenated to its title, giving the resulting column the name "Available Titles".

**Problem 5 - part e**

Write a SQL query that projects, for each title in the `title` database, the title, and then the **name** of its publisher, displaying the rows in order of publisher name, and for those with the same publisher, in secondary order by title name.

Make sure you turned spooling off at the end of `prob5.sql`, and submit your resulting **prob5.sql** and **prob5-out.txt**.